A NEED TO STRENGTHEN PARTNERSHIPS AND NETWORKS WHICH CAN ENHANCE THE SSE GLOBAL MOVEMENT IN A DYNAMIC AND IMPACTFUL WAY

By Prof Datuk Dr Denison Jayasooria Chair of ASEC

ASEC OPEN SPACE ON SOCIAL INCLUSION AND SOCIAL PROTECTION AT THE ASIA EUROPE PEOPLE FORUM (AEPF) HELD ON MAY 19, 2021

- 90 people participated the global conversation on May 19, 2021
- Nine key speakers and three moderators
- 1 Key note
- 5 case studies
- 3 Partnership speakers

From <u>SYNTHESIS & LESSONS LEARNED</u> by DJ

- Ideological conversation
- The faces of social exclusion
- Social inclusive initiatives
- Relevant emerging thematic aspects
- Policy coherence: National policies & SSE movements
- we can identify five (5) areas of engagement through which we can strengthen our partnerships.

1. Pursuit of Ideological Discourse

- Neo liberal development framework verses the solidarity framework.
- The investor model of development verses sustainable economic model

- Practitioners must confront the economic theories and provide alternative development discourse
- Academics and academic institutions as partners in the SSE movement can play a bigger role in re writing the economic development agenda which is empowering and inclusive.

2. In-depth studies of the faces of social exclusion

Six communities experiencing exclusion :-

- Communities isolated and negatively impacted by the caste system and gender inequality especially impacting both women and communities categorised as backward
- Farmers & rural poor communities
- Forest communities, forest user groups and indigenous people

- The **urban poor and the informal sector** majority of whom are women
- **Migrant workers** and the experiences of exclusion and exploitation
- There is a gender dimension in all the above target groups and this is a key SSE agenda

3. Strengthening of people's alternative social inclusion initiatives

Six community initiatives with thrust of social protection

- Community based economic initiatives which is different from the investor model of economic activities.
- Cooperatives as community based enterprise models. This has the largest potential for SSE at the ground level in Asia in organising grassroots communities.

- Urban farming and community cooperation.
- **Community based forestry**. There is great potential for this especially rural and interior communities
- Financial inclusive programs as alternative micro credit to conventional banks
- Micro insurance programs which specially targets the poor, informal sector and the Bottom 40 % communities,

4. Mainstreaming of alternative socio economic models.

- The theme of **food security** through various community farms as well as organic initiatives.
- The theme of **conservation and bio diversity** especially in the role of community forest users groups. Forest users groups as a dynamic development of a social movement for conservation and wealth creation via natural capital.
- Inclusive governance models where the whole community is involved as copartners.

- Local enterprise development as well as building local economy in a decentralised development planning model rather than top down.
- Mutual benefit societies and self-help groups which is more inclusive and empowering. Often these are women led at the grassroots and from among the grassroots communities.

$5. \ {\rm Critical}\ {\rm engagement}\ {\rm with}\ {\rm the}\ {\rm Government}\ {\rm and}\ {\rm policy}\ {\rm advocacy}.$

- National level legislative & constitutional protection for vulnerable groups
- Development planning
- Stronger advocacy for public policies which can serve as an enabling framework at the national and local levels

- Rigorous methodology to measure impact of SSE projects and programs are needed so as to gather data, quantify it for national, regional and global advocacy for the alternative solidarity model.
- We need to develop the tools and measurements

WAY FORWARD

- Need for social movement building of vulnerable communities in claiming their rights
- Financing for SSE alternative economic activities, research & advocacy, capacity building & networking

- Building a strong grassroots voice
- Capturing the intellectual conversation
- Building young leaders & strengthen women leadership